# **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804

Owner of the Declaration Stiferite SPA

Programme holder Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU

Publisher Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

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# STIFERITE FIRE B average thick panel Stiferite SPA



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# **General Information**

#### Stiferite SPA STIFERITE FIRE B insulation panel Programme holder Owner of the Declaration IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Stiferite SPA Viale Navigazione Interna 54 Panoramastr. 1 10178 Berlin 35129 | Padova | PD | Italy Germany **Declaration number** Declared product / Declared unit EPD-STF-20170046-CBA1-EN STIFERITE FIRE B expanded rigid polyurethane foam, covered on one side with saturated glass tissue and on the other side with Stiferite Fire B facer®, and produced by Stiferite. The EPD applies to 1 m2 of an average 74 mm thickness PUR sandwich board, i.e. 0.074 m3, with an average density between foam and facing of 44.8 kg/m3. This Declaration is based on the Product Scope: **Category Rules:** Stiferite SPA produces STIFERITE FIRE B that is a high performance insulation board manufactured from Insulating materials made of foam plastics, 12.2016 closed cell expanded rigid polyurethane foam. (PCR tested and approved by the SVR) covered on one side with saturated glass tissue and on the other side with Stiferite Fire B facer®. The data Issue date have been provided by the only Stiferite factory that 01/06/2017 was located in Padova (Italy) for the year 2015. The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the Valid to underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not 31/05/2022 be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences. Verification Wermanes The CEN Norm /EN 15804/ serves as the core PCR Independent verification of the declaration according to /ISO 14025/ Prof. Dr.-Ing. Horst J. Bossenmayer (President of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.) internally externally Dr. Burkhart Lehmann Prof. Dr. Birgit Grahl (Managing Director IBU) (Independent verifier appointed by SVR)

# **Product**

# **Product description / Product definition**

STIFERITE'S thermo insulation panels are mainly used in the building/construction sector and that of industrial insulation.

The panels are made of thermo-setting closed cells polyurethane foam (PU) supplied with various types of flexible facers on both sides of the panel. The nature/type of facer is a function of the type of panel and its application.

Expanded rigid polyurethane foam is distinguished by its' excellent thermo insulation performance, mechanical resistance, workability, lightness, and durability.

The performance of STIFERITE's panels is determined based on the European norm /EN

13165:2012+A1:2015 Thermal insulation products for buildings - Factory made rigid polyurethane foam (PU) products - Specification/.

This EPD refers to STIFERITE's FIRE B average thickness panel, made of an insulation component in polyurethane foam using blowing agent Pentane-

based, covered on one side with saturated glass tissue and on the other side with Stiferite Fire B® facer.

The characteristics of the foam and of the facing allow the panel to achieve the best reaction to fire class that can be assigned to organic material.

The panel is produced in standard dimensions of 600 x 1200 mm and straight finish edges.

On request and for minimum quantities, the panels may be produced in various dimensions, and the edges may be rabbeted along the sides. The surface of the panel may be evened off by sandpaper in order to allow installation to uneven surfaces. STIFERITE FIRE B panel is produced by a certified company with systems: /ISO 9001/, /OHSAS 18001/, /ISO 14001/ in its entire line of products.

For the placing on the market of the product in the EU/EFTA (with the exception of Switzerland)
Regulation (EU) No. 305/2011 (CPR) applies. The product needs a Declaration of Performance taking into consideration /EN 13165:2012+A1:2015 Thermal insulation products for building- factory made rigid



polyurethane foam (PU) products - Specification/ and the CE-marking. For the application and use the respective national provisions apply.

#### **Application**

The STIFERITE FIRE B panel is recommended in flat roofs: with cold fixed bituminous or synthetic membrane, Broof t2 and Broof t3 certified roofing systems; pitched roof: under roof tiles, pantiles or sheet-metal, ventilated; walls: ventilated facades.

#### **Technical Data**

The Declaration of Performance accorging to EN 13165 and 13823 applies. In this Life Cycle Assessment, a PU insulation board with the following properties has been regarded:

#### Constructional data

Constructional data		
Name	Value	Unit
Gross density	44.8	kg/m³
Declared average Thermal conductivity λD acc. to /EN 13165/	0.0269	W/mK
Compressive strength at 10% deformation acc. to /EN 826/	> 150	kPa
Tensile strength perpendicular to the face acc. to /EN 1607/	> 35	kPa
Water absorption by total immersion acc. to /EN 12087/	< 2	Vol%
Water absorption by partial immersion acc. to /EN 1609/	< 0.1	kg/m²
Water vapour diffusion resistance factor µ acc. to /EN 12086/	56	
Euroclass reaction to fire acc. to /EN 13823/	B s1 d0	

This provides a thermal resistance  $R = 2.75 \text{ m}^2 \text{ k/W}$ .

# Base materials / Ancillary materials

**Core material** (about 73.5 % of the weight of the declared unit):

Closed-cell Polyiso (PIR) rigid foam made from MDI (50-65 %), polyols (20-30 %), pentane (4-5 %) and additives (4-7 %).

Facing (about 26.5 % of the weight of the declared unit): on the bottom saturated fibre glass consisting of glass fiber (75-85 %) and urea formaldehyde (25-15 %) and on the top Stiferite Fire B® facer consisting of glass fiber (5-20 %), mineral coating (40-60 %) and fire proof coating (30-50 %).

The PU board for insulation:

 does not contain substances which are included in the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation" under the European chemicals Regulation /REACH/

Additional declaration according to quoted law: The product is compliant with all requirements indicated at chapter 2.4.2.8 of the /PANGPP 2016/:

- Any blowing agent with Ozone depletion potential >0 is not used in production
- Catalysts lead-based are not used in production
- Flame retardants used in production (belonging to the Organophosphorus class) are not banned by any national or European regulation
- According to the raw materials declarations of suppliers the minimum amount of recycled raw materials based on the product weight is 2.97 % (note: this information is not explicitly considered in the LCA and not included in the EPD tables that only refer to recycling content in the foreground system).

# Reference service life

The durability of insulation panels is normally at least as long as the lifetime of the building in which it is used. The experimental data show that the reference life is longer than 50 years.

# LCA: Calculation rules

#### **Declared Unit**

The declared unit is 1 m² with an average thickness of 74 mm, e. g. 0.074 m³.

Corresponding conversion factors are listed in the table below.

# **Declared unit**

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	m <sup>2</sup>
Gross density	44.8	kg/m³
Volume	0.074	m³
Declared average thermal conductivity λD	0.0269	W/mK
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.301	m²/kg
Weight of declared unit	3.32	kg/m²

The LCI data used in this report refer to an average product having an average thickness (material in the recipes of different thickness are weighted according to the relative production in square meters. The type of declaration is 1 c - declaration of an average product from a manufacturer's plant.

# **System boundary**

This life cycle assessment for the production of the polyurethane insulation board considers the life cycle from the supply of raw materials to the manufacturer's gate (cradle-to-gate with options). It also includes the transport to the construction site, the installation and the end-of-life stage of the used PU thermal insulation board. The life cycle is split into the following individual phases:

A1 - Raw material formulation

A2 - Raw material transport

A3 - Production of the insulation board and packaging material

A4 - Transport to the construction site

A5 - Emissions and cutting losses during installation and packaging disposal

C2 - Transport to end of life

C3/C4 - End-of-Life: waste management (thermal recovery, landfill)

D - Benefits and loads beyond system boundary



## Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to /EN 15804/ and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account. For life cycle modelling of the considered products, the /GaBi 7: Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering/ has been used.

# LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

# Transport to the building site (A4)

The distances calculated are weighted average distances according to the overall sales distribution; such distribution is considered similar for all Stiferite products.

p		
Name	Value	Unit
Truck with a capacity of 17.3 tons	271	km
Ferry with a capacity of 1200-10000 dwt payload capacity	144	km
Ship with a capacity of 27500 dwt payload capacity tons	11000	km
Plane with a capacity of 22 ton	0	km

Installation into the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Material loss	0.0664	kg
VOC in the air Pentane	1.27E-06	kg

# End of life (C1-C4)

The results for the end-of-life are declared for the 2 different scenarios:

Name	Value	Unit
Scenario No 1: Material Incineration	100	%
Scenario No 2: Landfill	100	%

C4: Disposal scenarios used is divided in the 2 sub-scenarios:

- 1) Incineration 100% (C4/1)
- 2) Landfilling 100% (C4/2)

D: Benefits and loads beyond system boundary is divided in the 2 sub-scenarios:

- 1) Incineration 100% (D1)
- 2) Landfilling 100% (D2)



# LCA: Results

The tables below show the results of the LCA. Basic information on all declared modules provides chapter 4. There are two scenarios for the end-of-life (C3, C4 and D) analyzed: Scenario 1 considers 100% incineration, Scenario 2 considers 100% landfill disposal.

For SM, RSF, NRSF, CRU indicators only the foreground system is considered.

											LCA;		MOD	ULE N	OT DE	CLARED)
PRODUCT STAGE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE				USE STAGE							END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES	
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Х	Х	Х	X	Х	MND	MND	MNR	MNR	MNR	MND	MND	MND	Х	Х	Χ	X

RESU	RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT: 1 m² Fire B average thickness panel											
Param eter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C2	C3/1	C3/2	C4/1	C4/2	D/1	D/2	
GWP	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	9.20E+0	6.95E-2	2.53E-1	1.53E-2	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	5.58E+0	1.59E-1	-3.04E+0	-6.33E-2	
ODP	[kg CFC11-Eq.]	1.17E-5	4.40E-13	2.34E-7	1.11E-13	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.08E-10	6.15E-11	-1.73E-9	-1.07E-11	
AP	[kg SO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	3.43E-2	6.28E-4	7.48E-4	3.82E-5	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.69E-3	5.79E-4	-7.14E-3	-1.00E-4	
EP	[kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3</sup> -Eq.]	3.25E-3	8.19E-5	7.50E-5	8.88E-6	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	6.18E-4	6.93E-5	-6.61E-4	-1.11E-5	
POCP	[kg ethene-Eq.]	5.21E-3	-7.47E-6	1.08E-4	-1.05E-5	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.88E-4	4.87E-5	-5.61E-4	-1.37E-5	
ADPE	[kg Sb-Eq.]	3.35E-5	4.37E-9	6.79E-7	1.14E-9	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.43E-7	5.42E-8	-8.20E-7	-1.72E-8	
ADPF	[MJ]	1.89E+2	9.30E-1	3.96E+0	2.11E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	3.50E+0	1.68E+0	-3.68E+1	-1.48E+0	

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Caption Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

#### RESULTS OF THE LCA - RESOURCE USE: 1 m<sup>2</sup> Fire B average thickness panel

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C2	C3/1	C3/2	C4/1	C4/2	D/1	D/2
PERE	[MJ]	9.13E+0	IND	2.22E-1	IND	IND	IND	8.12E-1	IND	IND	IND
PERM	[MJ]	1.35E-2	IND	-1.35E-2	IND	IND	IND	0.00E+0	IND	IND	IND
PERT	[MJ]	9.14E+0	4.23E-2	2.08E-1	1.22E-2	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	8.12E-1	5.06E-1	-1.20E+1	-1.56E-1
PENRE	[MJ]	1.04E+2	IND	2.40E+0	IND	IND	IND	9.76E+1	IND	IND	IND
PENRM	[MJ]	9.53E+1	IND	-2.18E+0	IND	IND	IND	-9.31E+1	IND	IND	IND
PENRT	[MJ]	1.99E+2	9.35E-1	2.24E-1	2.12E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	4.54E+0	2.27E+0	-5.29E+1	-1.61E+0
SM	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
RSF	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
NRSF	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
FW	[m³]	5.56E-2	1.04E-4	1.31E-3	3.00E-5	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.58E-2	8.03E-4	-1.85E-2	-2.44E-4

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources; penke = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

# RESULTS OF THE LCA – OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES:

# 1 m<sup>2</sup> Fire B average thickness panel

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	<b>A</b> 5	C2	C3/1	C3/2	C4/1	C4/2	D/1	D/2
HWD	[kg]	1.33E-5	5.45E-8	2.69E-7	1.59E-8	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.30E-8	1.76E-8	-2.97E-8	-1.51E-9
NHWD	[kg]	1.52E-1	6.37E-5	8.78E-2	1.82E-5	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	4.10E-1	3.32E+0	-2.69E-2	-3.66E-4
RWD	[kg]	4.20E-3	1.81E-6	9.73E-5	4.53E-7	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	4.14E-4	2.37E-4	-6.41E-3	-5.18E-5
CRU	[kg]	2.55E-3	0.00E+0	5.10E-5	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
MFR	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.95E-2	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
MER	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.16E-2	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	3.32E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
EEE	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.04E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.86E+1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
EET	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.40E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	8.10E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EEE = Exported thermal energy



# References

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Product Category Rules for Building-Related Products and Services

Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Background Report.

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#### **OHSAS 18001**

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#### ISO 14001

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#### REACH

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#### EN 13165+A1:2015

EN 13165:2012+A1:2015 Thermal insulation products for buildings -

Factory made rigid polyurethane foam (PU) products - Specification

#### EN 826

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## EN 1607

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Thermal insulating products for building applications. Determination of long term water absorption by immersion.

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#### GaBi 7 2016

GaBi 7: Documentation of GaBi 7: Software-System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering. Copyright, TM. Stuttgart, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, 1992-2016 http://www.gabi-software.com

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# EN 15804

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